

HN KEELY'S
IS SELLING
BLANKETS
AT ANY PRICE!
BLANKETS
to pair good Brown Blankets
5 Cts a Pair
White Blankets 10-4, \$1-25 pair
HALF PRICE!
Keep Warm!
Keep Warm!
2,000 Pair
White Blankets, all grades, at
nearly
HALF PRICE!
Fine Blankets given away at
if Price at
John Keely's.
ANNOUNCEMENT!
Job Printing.
We inform our friends and the public, that the
stitution Job Printing Office
is located in its quarters in the New Building
on the corner of Broadway and
and enlarged by the purchase of
NEW PRESSES AND TYPE
—OF—
the latest Styles,
We have one of the MOST COMPLETE PRINT-
ING OFFICES to be found anywhere. It is com-
pletely new, and we say that no office in the
city can give you more for your money, or
do more kinds of printing with
NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.
We promise to use only the best quality of
materials, and to employ only the most
skilled and artistic in every department. Our work
is of the highest quality.
—AND OUR—
prices as Low as the Lowest.
If you want Printed a Card, a Bill-Head,
a Letter-Head, an Envelope, a Circular, a Catalogue,
a Book, or any kind of Printing done, we will
give you the best of our work, and we will
execute it promptly, with New Type
—AND—
at a MODERATE COST.
We have a large stock of all the latest
styles of type, and we will give you the
best of our work, and we will execute it
promptly, with New Type
—AND—
at a MODERATE COST.
HAIR TONIC
Will purify the blood, and
cure the liver and kidneys,
and give you a healthy
and vigorous body.
It is a
cure for all
diseases of the
blood, and
it is a
cure for all
diseases of the
liver and
kidneys,
and it is a
cure for all
diseases of the
urinary
system.
It is a
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liver and
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cure for all
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urinary
system.
CANCER
AND
TUMORS
Treated scientifically
and cured without
pain. Dr. Keely's
Cancer and Tumor
Cure, 301 West Fourth St.,
Cincinnati, O.
National Wire
—AND—
IRON CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Fence, Roof Cresting
—AND—
BUILDERS' SPECIALTIES.
Detroit, Mich.
Manhood Restored.
Victims of youthful indiscretions causing Nervous
Debility, Premature Decay, and all disorders
connected with the system, are cured by
the use of Dr. Keely's
Cure, 301 West Fourth St.,
Cincinnati, O.

THE BARBECUE.

A HOUSEHOLD DEMOCRATIC DEMONSTRATION IN BROOKLYN.

THE BARBECUE.
New York, Oct. 16.—While Governor Cleveland was in the city, the delegates of the House of Representatives arrived and entered the governor's apartments. He joined them shortly before 9 o'clock, and the committee, with delegates, moved to the carriage house, where they were met by the governor and his family. The governor, with his family, and the committee, moved to the carriage house, where they were met by the governor and his family. The governor, with his family, and the committee, moved to the carriage house, where they were met by the governor and his family.

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CHIO'S DEMOCRACY

PROVES THE STRENGTH OF ITS CONVICTIONS.

CHIO'S DEMOCRACY.
The Democrats carry the majority of the Congressional District, and the majority of the County, in the election of Federal Marshals.

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TRADE AND BUSINESS.

The Stoppage of Cotton Mills in Fall River.

THE STOPPAGE OF COTTON MILLS IN FALL RIVER.
Fall River, Mass., October 16.—A written agreement circulated among the mills, to stop for the week commencing Saturday night, has been signed by thirty-one mills, and will stop over one million spindles of the total of 1,400,000 employed on print goods. It will throw 11,000 persons out of work for a week, and the prospect is that unless the market improves the shut down will continue indefinitely. The shut down includes every cotton goods mill in the city except three, making heavy goods and a few large print cloth mills controlled by a combination of capitalists, which can afford to run during the dull times. The loss in wages by the stoppage of these mills will be \$75,000 weekly.

The Canadian Failures.

THE CANADIAN FAILURES.
Toronto, October 16.—Business men here say the failure of James Campbell & Sons, a large and successful firm, has caused a disastrous effect upon the country. It is probable that the large publishing house and large book store here will collapse.

The Official Returns.

THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.
COLUMBIA, Oct. 16, 11 p. m.—The official returns from Tuesday's election are coming in slowly at both state headquarters, and the final estimates are made with difficulty. On the final returns received so far, the democrats concede on the state ticket a majority of 10,337, while the republicans estimate their majority at 16,752. The democratic committee claim eleven of the twenty-one congressmen, while the republican committee still consider the eleventh district doubtful, and say it will require the official returns to decide it.

The Official Returns.

THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.
COLUMBIA, Oct. 16, 1 a. m.—The official returns were received to night at the republican headquarters from Ashtabula and Wood counties, these being the last to report and completing the list. The revised figures give Robinson a plurality of 11,421. This shows a republican gain of 26,000 and a democratic gain of 1,102. In sixty-six counties the republicans made all their gains, and the democrats in the rest. The republican gain in the rural districts is equal to their plurality. Chairman Ogilvie concedes the election of Elletts in the eleventh district. The delegation to congress will stand: Democrats eleven, republicans ten.

The Enquirer's Estimate.

THE ENQUIRER'S ESTIMATE.
CINCINNATI, October 16.—[Special to The Constitution.]—Robinson's plurality over Newman is about 11,000. We have as yet no estimate as to the republican majority over all, but it will be small. The congressional delegation stands eleven democrats to ten republicans.

WEST VIRGINIA.

THE STATE GOVERNMENT BY OVER SIX THOUSAND MAJORITY.
CHARLESTON, W. Va., October 16.—The state government is a large fusion majority, ranging from 500 to 1,600. Maxwell, fusion candidate, leaves this county with fully 1,300. Wilson, democratic nominee for governor, will carry the state by 6,000. The democrats in this county lose all the offices except a few constables and justices of the peace.

The American May Panic.

THE AMERICAN MAY PANIC.
LONDON, October 16.—At a meeting of the institute of bankers to-day, Robt. W. Barnett read a paper on the May panic in New York. He likened the beneficial effect of the clearing house association to the interference of the bank of England in the panic of 1847, 1857 and 1890. The operation was justified, he maintained, by the success with which it had been met.

The National Steam Navigators.

THE NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATORS.
NEW YORK, October 16.—The thirteenth annual convention of the national board of steam navigators on condition to surrender the adoption of the following resolution:
Resolved, That the Mississippi river commission be authorized to investigate the feasibility of a nature and put into operation such plans as in their judgment will soon restore and permanently maintain the navigation of the old river, to the end that the volume of water from the Red river, which is now lost, may be utilized.

The Failure of A. W. Bowman.

THE FAILURE OF A. W. BOWMAN.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., October 16.—A. W. Bowman, capitalist and real estate broker, failed to-day. He was director of the Clay street bank and the Oakland savings bank, and a holder of many important trusts. He refuses to make a statement.

The Commercial Cable Launched.

THE COMMERCIAL CABLE LAUNCHED.
NEW YORK, October 16.—The steamer Tadaris this morning landed the shore end of the commercial cable company's cable across the ocean to the Hawaiian Islands.

Failed For \$35,000.

FAILED FOR \$35,000.
FORT SMITH, Ark., October 16.—Little & Smith, dealers in general merchandise at Greenwood, Arkansas, have failed. Liabilities \$35,000.

An Extension Asked For.

AN EXTENSION ASKED FOR.
FALL RIVER, October 16.—Jessie Eddy's son has asked for an extension.

THE WASTE OF THE FLAMES.

THE WASTE OF THE FLAMES.
The city of New York has lost \$1,000,000 in the destruction of property by fire. The loss is estimated at \$1,000,000.

The Town Swept by Fire.

THE TOWN SWEEPED BY FIRE.
BIRMINGHAM, N. Y., October 16.—The loss by last night's fire at Port Dickinson, is estimated at over \$100,000. George G. Moon's sawing mill, the factory with the paper mill of Cary, Noy & Co., and were entirely destroyed, and the industries in the place have been almost completely swept away.

The Rugby Boat Burned.

THE RUGBY BOAT BURNED.
CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., October 16.—[Special.]—A special to the Times from Rugby reports that the Rugby boat was destroyed by fire this morning. The boat was a splendid structure, and was valued at \$10,000. The loss is about twelve thousand dollars.

Fire in Montello.

FIRE IN MONTELLA.
MONTTELLA, Wis., October 16.—The Montello bank, opera hall and several business places were burned this morning. The loss is \$50,000.

A Lady Killed.

A LADY KILLED.
A shocking casualty on the Cumberland Valley Road.

Harvesting on the Cumberland Valley Road.

HARVESTING ON THE CUMBERLAND VALLEY ROAD.
HARRISBURG, Pa., October 16.—A shocking accident occurred here to-day. Miss Lizzie Wallace, in getting off the Cumberland Valley railroad train, stepped in front of a passing freight train, and was killed. Her body was mangled and almost torn off. She cannot recover. Miss Wallace was a delegate to the Women's Temperance convention now in session here. She resided at Newville, Cumberland county.

Killed by a Train.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.
ST. THOMAS, Ontario, October 16.—The express train on the Canada Southern, ran into the gravel train at Tilbury Centre last night, instantly killing three persons, and seriously injuring several passengers.

The Constitution:

Published Daily and Weekly.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month, \$2.50 for three months, or \$10 a year.

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THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, OCTOBER 17, 1884.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

Next Sunday's Constitution will consist of SIXTEEN PAGES.

Filled with lively and interesting matter, a mass of News, Gossip, Sketches, Poetry, and Dispatches that cannot be detailed.

THE GREAT SUNDAY PAPER

Of the South, Bright, Clean, Good Humored and Neat.

DON'T FAIL TO READ IT.

For Sale Everywhere, PRICE 5 CENTS.

Wholesale Dealers Had Better File Orders for Extra Papers at Once.

Indications for the South Atlantic States at 1 a. m. generally fair weather, westerly winds, slight rise in temperature.

"Turn the rascals out!"

We have every reason to believe that Grover Cleveland will be the next president.

DEMOCRATS will remember after success all apathy to the party during the fight for honest government against corruption.

It now looks as if the democratic column will include Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, California and Georgia.

The demonstration in honor of Governor Cleveland in Brooklyn, yesterday, was remarkable in many respects. It immensely shows how the heart of the people has been touched, and argues well for November's vote.

The decision of the court of Herse-Dominant, in the case of Princess Kalanina is good Chicago law. It asserts that mutual discrimination is a sufficient cause for divorce among the German royal folks, and thus throws the lady out of her rights.

It is highly probable that Ohio may go democratic in November without further exertion. If Mr. Blaine could be persuaded to return and spend the next two weeks there it would certainly do so. He lost 10,000 votes in three weeks and could do away with the remainder in the time left.

MR. BLAINE is traveling through the swampy regions of Michigan, where agree struck crowds watch him as he passes by. He is accompanied by General Fremont, who is the first republican candidate for president, and who was set down upon by James Buchanan. It is meet that the first and the last should cling together to console each other on the defeat which is impending.

The first tragedy of the campaign, in the republican state of Wisconsin, was one both brutal and dramatic. A bystander shot the leader of a Blaine and Logan procession dead. He was hurried away to prison, where it would be supposed the republican laws of Wisconsin would be sufficient to see that justice was done. The mob, however, broke the jail open, in alleged Mississippi style, and took the prisoner out and lynched him.

ALL the money and talent of the republican party of the union, together with the hippodromes of Mr. Blaine, was brought to bear upon the republican state of Ohio. Notwithstanding all this the republican plurality is only a little over eleven thousand; and it is not yet assured that they have a majority over all. Eleven of the twenty-one congressmen are democrats, so that if the election should be thrown into the house of representatives, Ohio would vote for Cleveland and Hendricks. The vote of November, however, will yet have to be counted before it is certain that the state will not go democratic.

The Blaine organs are entering into long arguments to show that Mr. Blaine had an entire right to the Mulligan letters. The Tribune has made one James Coleman, a lawyer, make an affidavit to that effect. This is all unnecessary. It will be admitted that Mr. Blaine did have this right to these letters, and that he handled them to some advantage than could have a Chatham street broker. But it was Mr. Blaine himself who was so anxious that the republican press publish them in their entirety. And the republican press should cease these ignominious walls over the exposure of the rascality contained therein.

"How dreadfully unpopular Mr. Blaine is, to say the least, in Maine and Ohio. Any other candidate would be able to have a little of his personal popularity."—New York Tribune.

In the former state he reduced largely an old and ancient republican majority, and in Ohio, where he stamped and scored for three weeks, he broke a solid republican majority of 20,000 to a nominal figure. Indeed it is yet doubtful whether the republicans of Ohio have a majority at all. When the prohibition and greenback vote is heard from it may give them a minority with which to enter the November fight. This is, indeed, a brilliant record. There are many reasons why Mr. Blaine should not have been nominated.

Now do the readers of the treacherous New York Times like to be cheated every day, as they have been for weeks by the pretended "news" of that paper from Ohio?—New York Tribune.

This is another of the many cautionary methods of the Tribune. The Times has advised the election of the republican ticket in Ohio, and advised all republicans to vote

for it. It is Mr. Blaine whom it refuses to swallow, and with it will go thousands of good republicans who voted the straight ticket on Tuesday in Ohio. A hundred thousand republicans of the country, who watched with eagerness for their party's triumph in Ohio, will next November await as expectantly the news of the victory of Cleveland and Hendricks in that state. They surrender no republican principle, but will vote for honest government. Blaine's vote in Ohio will fall far short of Robinson's, who was an honest representative of his party. There are many reasons why Mr. Blaine should not have been nominated.

Among other telegrams received from Columbus on the night of the Ohio election, by Steve Elkins, was the following, signed by R. T. Greene:

S. R. ELKINS: Ohio sure for the republicans. Probably nearer 20,000 than 15,000. Probably lowest republican vote ever cast and heaviest republican gain. Blaine's trip did him no good. It is probable that Mr. Greene would have sent one of a different tone had he known what he now does. But as to how he concludes that "Blaine's trip did him no good," is not clear. The New York Sun, Blaine's champion, said of his trip:

"Mr. Blaine has visited forty-eight counties and seventy cities. He has seen upon a moderate estimate, since he has started out, 1,400,000 persons."

Ohio was a republican state by 20,000 before Mr. Blaine saw his 1,400,000 persons. That majority has been reduced almost one-half. Mr. Blaine's visit then did immense harm. There are many reasons why Mr. Blaine should not have been nominated.

COOKING THE OHIO NEWS. It has developed into a certainty that the earliest news from Ohio was deliberately falsified for partisan purposes. Where or by whom this was done we cannot say. But that it was done systematically and skillfully and with a purpose does not admit of doubt.

From the very first all advice from Ohio was to the effect that the republicans had made heavy gains. These gains were swelled by subsequent reports until it was announced that the republican majority was up to 23,000, and that only three democratic congressmen had been elected. The republicans have busily displayed despatches to this effect, sent from Ohio. No doubt the same thing was done in other cities.

When the actual returns are in it is developed that the republican majority is swelled to about 11,000, and that instead of eleven congressmen, the democrats have elected certainly eleven congressmen. In case of a decisive victory, the republicans have really sustained a practical defeat.

But the purpose for which the false news was issued has been accomplished. It was absolutely necessary that the republicans should fire the hearts of their dispendent followers. It was necessary that Ohio should be made to appear a victory at least long enough to rally the doubtful voters, to close up the thinning ranks, and to justify a showy, if specious jubilation. It was equally necessary that the federal paper-punks who had withheld their assessments, until they could see how Ohio voted, should be whipped up at least for a day or two that they might hurry forward and pay up. So the truth was deliberately withheld and false reports were sent from the political centers of the state.

It may be also that the Ohio returns were falsified that the business men's reception last night of Cleveland in New York might be modified thereby. This attempt was a dead failure. The Cleveland reception in its heartiness, its spontaneity, its character, its scope and its pertinence was altogether phenomenal. It marks the turn of the tide that will in November lift Cleveland into the white house, and sweep the rascals out.

HOW ABOUT NEW YORK? Whatever else may be said, it is reasonably certain that the result in Ohio, even if it were what it is not an undoubted republican victory, has in no wise affected the probable result in New York. We say probable result in order to leave the wide possible margin for those doubters who, with the shades of gloom scattered over their garments, hang on the ragged edge of hopelessness; for the democrats who have charge of the campaign, and who have devoted their energies and their resources to perfecting the organization of the party in New York state, have left no room for probabilities. There is ground, therefore, for the statement that the result in New York will be a victory for the democrats. We had almost said an overwhelming victory but we refrain from doing direct and outright violence to the feelings of our friends, the pessimists.

As our readers will doubtless be interested in the reasons that move us to make such confident predictions, we take pleasure in cataloging them here, though we have no space at command to enter into any of the details. We shall endeavor to confine ourselves to such facts and probabilities as fall within the understanding and appreciation of those who are in the habit of taking a common sense view of affairs.

Let us take for instance (and in the first place) the so-called defection of the Irish vote. Those who are least informed—and there are no better informed persons than leading New York democrats—will declare that the defection of the Irish voters is a mere matter of moonshine. There are a number of Irish republicans in New York city under the lead of such men as John O'Brien, and these have been paraded at meeting after meeting in order to show that these Irishmen who will vote the republican ticket. There are also some Irishmen who propose to support Butler, especially that small contingent of Tammany that allows itself to be led by such blatherers as Grady, but the fact remains that the Irish democrats have not been and cannot be deceived away from the democratic party. S. J. as John Kelly is concerned, it has been announced that he has recently called on Governor Cleveland and given him assurances of his support. It is true that it is also true that he has permitted his paper, the Star, to be doublet in the Butler mess, but Kelly's action will not be without its effect on the disaffected Tammany element.

In the second place, the disaffection of Tammany has no element of strength. This was apparent when the meeting of the general committee took place several weeks ago, and since that time the opposition to Cleveland has been growing smaller by degrees and heartily less. This opposition, so far as Tammany is concerned, has been more apparent than real. It has been neither reason nor excuse for it, and the only result of it has

been to advertise the imbecility of such men as Thomas F. Grady.

In the third place, there has never been a time since the war until now when the active business classes of New York city were so unanimously in favor of the democratic candidate. There are hundreds of business men in New York who are life-long democrats, but never before did the commercial classes of that city employ the machinery of their business to forward the interests of the democratic party.

In the fourth place, it is estimated by those who have intimate relations with the democratic canvass in New York, that at least 60,000 republicans in New York have pledged themselves in writing not to vote for Blaine. This may be an over estimate, but it undoubtedly has some basis. The independent republican movement, which began some time ago with the "young scorchers," has been growing steadily ever since, and now it has taken the shape, at least in New York state, of a genuine revolt against the republican candidate and his corrupt record. Whether all the protesting republicans will vote for Cleveland is another matter. In the Folger campaign some of them voted for the democratic candidate and a great many remained at home, while a large number voted for the prohibition candidate. The result was the election of the democratic candidate for governor by the largest majority ever known. Unless all calculations are at fault, the democratic majority in New York state in November will not fall short of fifty thousand.

MONEY IN POLITICS. If popular elections are purely a matter of money, the party in power in America will always carry the country.

The assessments of federal office-holders—whether voluntary or compulsory—will make up a corruption fund that the contributions of private citizens cannot hope to match. In the city of Atlanta there is a postmaster, a United States marshal, a clerk of the court, and a superintendent of railway mail service, whose salaries reach, perhaps, \$2,500 each per annum. They could each easily afford to contribute \$1,000 to secure a perpetuation of republican administration, for that would mean four years more of big salary. Then there are, perhaps, half a hundred officials with headquarters here, such as deputies, route agents, clerks, etc., who have salaries ranging from \$1,200 to \$2,500. These could easily give \$250 to \$500 each to the partisan fund. It will not do to say that no official can be compelled to give. Every official knows that there are envious eyes on him, and covetous outsiders hungering for his place. He knows that his loyalty to the party will be judged by deeds, and not by words. Consequently, he will fork over. We should not be surprised if from Atlanta alone the federal officials did not send \$10,000 to help carry New York and Indiana. They would be poor republicans if they could not do this. And funds of like proportion will be sent up from Savannah, Augusta, Macon, Columbus and other cities and towns in the state and from other states. In New York city the assessments will be enormous. When this fund is backed by contributions from money kings that want to keep in with the government, it becomes enormous, and such a private citadel cannot hope to equal, or even approach.

The use of money was plainly seen in Ohio. In Cincinnati and Cleveland, the very points relied on by the democrats for their heaviest gains, the republicans made their largest gains. It was in these cities that their money was concentrated—and it was the floating vote of these cities, bought up and paid for and the importation of repeaters from outside sources, that gave them the state.

It is fortunate for honest government, that there is a limit to the use of money. There are points in all campaigns beyond which it cannot advance. It can buy its percentage of flatters, and then its work is over. It cannot corrupt the great public heart, and it cannot buy or deter the courageous and intelligent citizens. It is on these that Governor Cleveland relies, and it is on these that the hope of this republic rests.

YORK Under C. Field has returned from a trip through the southern states, and he is of the opinion that the good crop are the result of Brother Blaine's hippodrome. C. Field also announces that Manhattan state is a very fine stock.

The battle is now in New York, and it will be a hot one. New York, however, is a democratic state.

We are glad to learn that the democrats expended none of the shrews of war in Ohio. Money in hand is worth more than a bulldozed voter in the lumber.

The close relationship between genius and insanity is proverbial. This has been acknowledged from the time of Plato down to the present day. A celebrated Frenchman said, "Genius is a disease of the nerves," and a great poet has assured us that:

"Great wit to madness sure is near allied,
And thickened brains and boding fancies bred."

Among the men of genius who became temporarily or permanently insane may be mentioned Schumann, Donizetti, Swift, Southey, Lucretia, Tennyson, and others. Richelieu once imagined himself a horse and neighing like a horse. Rousseau had his spells of derangement. Didot, Byron and Beethoven were sometimes mad as to insanity. Caesar was epileptic and Peter the Great had nervous attacks, during one of which he is believed to have killed his son and his wife. Pascal and Schiller had nervous convulsions. Albrecht suffered from deep melancholy. Newton, Kant, Linnaeus and Goethe lost the normal use of their faculties in old age. Many men of genius had relatives who were insane. Byron's ancestors were noted for their eccentricity and passion; Didot's sister died insane; Richelieu's sister was a lunatic, and Beethoven's father was a drunkard. Illusions are common with men of genius. Even Luther saw the devil and threw an inkstand at him. Pope once saw an arm cut out of a wall. The creative work of the brain naturally leads to such mental conditions as above described. During the progress of literary work the brain is in a state of abnormal excitement, and those who work late at night are especially liable to such conditions. The creative work of the brain is a state of abnormal excitement, and those who work late at night are especially liable to such conditions. The creative work of the brain is a state of abnormal excitement, and those who work late at night are especially liable to such conditions.

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The Hon. Willy Wally Phelps declared that Blaine redeemed all the railroad bonds which he had for him, became aware of the mental disturbance of the tragedian and was afraid that in the death scene he would use the knife to some purpose. She confided her fears to the manager, and McCullough was requested to use a blunt wooden club instead of the real article. In this way McCullough received the first intimation that his friends doubted his sanity, and the knowledge did not tend to reassure him. When a man once becomes conscious that people regard him as a crank or a semi-lunatic he will, nine times out of ten, go on from bad to worse until he reaches a crisis.

THE murders committed in Cincinnati Tuesday, under the instruction of the republican leaders, show how the grand old party means to carry elections in close states.

ONE of the most interesting papers read before the national convention and characterizing prison, in session in St. Louis this week, was an address from the Howard association of England. This document states that pauperism in England has been held in check by the refusal of outdoor relief to be given to the pauper class. It is a very interesting paper, and it is a very interesting paper, and it is a very interesting paper.

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IN GENERAL.

SEVEN-FOUR SEVEN LIONS are killed in Nevada.

The number of idle actors is said to be increasing.

The Italians now extract oil from the seeds of grapes.

Six inches of snow fell in Sierra City, California, Tuesday night.

It is estimated that when the Washington monument is completed its total cost will be \$1,200,000.

UNOFFICIAL estimates of the population of the United States, obtained from census reports, give the population of this country now as about 50,000,000.

The peasant farmers of France have about \$200,000,000 on deposit in the governments saving bank, upon which they are paid four percent interest.

The Chicago Tribune is authority for the statement that there will soon be a corner in codfish, as the codfish markets of the country have organized a gigantic pool.

A FURN has been raised in England to assist any destitute families that have been tottering for three years. Very few applications have thus far been reported.

SINCE 1865 the exports of cotton have brought \$3,665,940,553 into the country, and yet these of bread and meat have been greater.

A WASHERMAN lady says it is much more modesty that prevents the women from riding the bicycle.

They object on the grounds that a woman would look unbecomingly, but the feminine expert claims that a woman on a horseback is much more dignified.

In Nepal, India, there is a class of natives who serve as "wade men," and take the place of the wade men of the West.

It is stated on good authority that the estimates of the amount of gold on its way to this country fall short of the real amount, and that the gold on its way to this country is much greater than the estimates.

The demand for opium as a nerve stimulant during the cholera scare in Europe is said to have advanced the price of the drug more than ten percent, even in British markets.

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DIAMOND JEWELRY
ATLANTA, GA.

Lyell's Art School & China Decorating Works

Instruction in all branches of decorative art, firing and gilding china for restaurants, hotels, etc. The best assortment of artist materials, fine china brushes, colors, etc., in the south. China painted to order. Wedding presents to order at 24 hours notice. Write for circular.

H. L. KIMBALL, L. R. WHEELER & CO., ARCHITECTS, 95 Peachtree Street.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 59 1/2; New York at 9 1/2; in Atlanta at 4 1/2.

Daily Weather Report.

Observer's Office, Signal Corps, U. S. A., 1031 N. E. Street, October 16, 10:31 P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Force	Direction	Relative Humidity	Weather
ALBANY	30.17	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	
ALBUQUERQUE	30.16	62	W	Fresh	00	Clear	

10:41 OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.

Barometer.

Thermometer.

Wind.

Force.

Direction.

Relative Humidity.

Weather.

Barometer.

Thermometer.

Wind.

Force.

Direction.

Relative Humidity.

Weather.

Barometer.

Thermometer.

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all that we ask is the trial and you will say that our low prices entitle

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business. You can therefore call on us feeling sure that you will be

welcomed by the grandest effort of our lives to please you.

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shoes; they are all in now, and it will do you good to examine and

price them. We are not on shoes alone for our profits and we are going

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